

## LA DERIVADA

I Realiza la derivada de las siguientes funciones

$$f(x) = \frac{5x^2 - 3x}{2x - 1}$$

$$f(x) = (-2x^3 + 3)^5$$

$$f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)(5x^6 + 7)$$

$$f(x) = \cos(3x^2 + 1)$$

$$f(x) = \cos(3x^2 + 1)\sin(5x^6 + 7)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(3x^2 - 4)}{\cos x}$$

$$f(x) = \tan^2 x * \cos x$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\tan^2 x - \sin x}$$

$$f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)(5x^6 + 7)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{1 - \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$f(x) = \sin x * \cos x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(2x - 1)}{\cos x}$$

$$f(x) = (3x^3 - x^2 - 1)^2 \tan(5x^6 + 7)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(5x^6 + 7)(3x - 8x^3 + 1)}{4 + x}$$

$$f(x) = (3x^3 + 4x)^3 (-5x^6 + x)^5$$

$$f(x) = 2x^4 - 7x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^4 - 7x}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$f(x) = (2x^4 - 7)^4 (x - 1)^3$$

$$f(x) = \sin(x) \cos^2(x)$$

$$f(x) = \cos(x) \tan(x)$$

$$f(x) = e^{(\sin x + \cos x)}$$

$$f(x) = \arccos(3^x)$$

$$f(x) = \ln(\cos x + e^x \sin x)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x^3 - 2x)\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$f(x) = \sin(\sqrt{x^3 - 3x})$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x - 2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1}}$$

$$f(x) = \sin(\cos(\tan(2x + 1)))$$

$$f(x) = 5^{(3x - \sqrt{x^3 - 3x})}$$

$$f(x) = \sin(\arccos x^2)$$

$$f(x) = \sec(\sqrt{x - 1})$$

II Encuentra la ecuación de la recta tangente a  $f(x)$  en el punto indicado

a)  $f(x) = 3x^3 - x$  en  $x = 5$

b)  $f(x) = 3/x$  en  $x = -8$

c)  $f(x) = \ln(1+x)$  en  $x = 4$